Judges and lawmakers should its ethical canons to require consider more liberal use of lawyers to encourage their wiretapping and other elec-tronic eavesdropping devices in the wake of Supreme Court ruling was Prof. Yale Court decisions restricting Kamisar of Michigan Law confessions, a leading Federal School. Hhe said any change

Lumbard of the 2d U.S. Cir- the defendent's right not to cuit Court of Appeals made testify, as well as police practhe suggestion to the Confer-tice. ence of State Chief Justices.

committee on criminal justice evedence such as that gained standards, told the top state from a police lineup in the judges, "If we take away the absence of a lawyer. The issue means of the possible solution raised in a case set for arguof many crimes by confession, ment next term. is it not then logical that these other means be made avail- Amendment Proposed

Lumbard agreed with for On Police Questioning mer New York prosecutor Richard H. Kuh that the bar "ought not to shrink" from sition with respect to the Fifth Amendment"

On June 13 the Supreme ficers to use discretionary powers in questioning criminal suspects at time of arrest.

Amendment's privilege against self-incrimination recases it is "impossible to solve quires police to warn suspects of their rights if any damaging statements are to be used

against them.

Judge Lumbard has supported efforts within the American Law Institute to enact a model code of police prictice that would liberalize confession rules. He told the Conference that the Supreme Court decision will require "radical changes" in the proposed code.

Meanwhile, Conference leaders, anxious to avoid unseemly criticism of the Su-preme Court, refused to clear a resolution calling on the Court to reconsider the confessions decision. Several Conference members who were critical of the decision itself expressed private fear that the criticism might get out

of hand. Kuh called on the jurists to lead a "great dialogue" over whether the self-incrimination privilege should be scrapped or modified. He said amendment to the Fifth amendment might establish a suspect's duty to answer police questions under penalty of contempt.

Perhaps, Kuh added, the bar

MONTREAL, Ang. 4 should also consider amending

Judge said today, in the Bill of Algard such as Chief Judge J. Edward embrace trial rules, such as

ence of State Chief Justices. Kamisar predicted that the Lumbard, who heads an Court will stop short of American Bar Association throwing out identification

United Press International

Rep. James H. Morrison, (D-La.), filed a constitutional re-examining our entire po-amendment yesterday provid-sition with respect to the ing for law enforcement of ficers to use discretionary

cases it is "impossible to solve crimes without immediate interrogation." Such interrogation, he added, frequently absolves an innocent suspect and allows the police to look elsewhere for the guilty party.

More Liberal Use Of Bugging Urged To Solve Crimes

By John P. MacKenzle 1666 Washington Post Staff Writer